

## GOODMAN 'RIOT' CASES WILL BE REHEARD IN LOWER COURT

Three cases in which riot is charged against Goodman Co. machinists by witnesses for the Metal Trades Ass'n of Chicago are thrown back by the Appellate Court for a rehearing.

The employers who are fighting the Goodman strikers tried hard to prove "riot," because if they could secure conviction it would mean long jail terms for the three of the most active strikers who have been on the line at Goodman's.

The three charged with riot were Ed Carbine, organizer for the International Ass'n of Machinists; Ed Crilly and Robert Schwapak, members of the union and pickets.

A jury in Judge Goodnow's court gave a verdict of guilty on all three cases. The Appellate Court now remands all three.

Witnesses for the employers were professional strikebreakers, and when the cases were tried they were on other strikebreaking jobs in Michigan City, Cleveland and Cincinnati and had to be rounded up and brought here to testify.

Dudley Taylor, attorney for the Metal Trades Ass'n, had a hard time finding his witnesses and producing them sober and able to testify at the trial. It is understood now that Taylor has lost them again and they will not appear again to swear out warrants for the re-arrest of the defendants.

"Crilly and a large number of persons to the complaining witness unknown did commit a riot," was the form of the allegation.

The Appellate Court decision says that if there were a large number of persons besides Crilly some of them would have to be named if a charge of rioting was going to stand up.

If there were enough people mixed up in a fight so that it is big enough to be called a "riot," then somebody ought to call off the name of more than one person mixed up in it—this

seems to be the thought of the Appellate Court.

J. D. Farrell, attorney for the machinists, held that at least two persons ought to be pointed out if there was really a riot.

It is admitted there was a clash between pickets and strikebreakers in the case. The charge then generally brought is "assault with intent to kill and murder." When there is a trial on this charge it is usually simmers down to an ordinary assault and battery case and a fine is paid.

The employers in the metal trades are on the warpath just now, however, and they wanted to fasten some pickets behind the bars. So they rigged up the riot charge.

This is the second defeat within two months for the Metal Trades Ass'n. In January, Frank Dorney, William Stack and Thomas Loftis were before a jury in Judge McKinley's court, charged with "assault with intent to kill and murder." Strikebreaker witnesses were brought on from New York and Indianapolis, almost sober. The jury found "not guilty."

The Goodman shop is at Halsted and 48th streets. Four hundred men have been out now 21 months.

It is reported that negotiations are on for a settlement and the end of the strike is near.

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## WIVES, BE CAREFUL

Mrs. Clarke came running hurriedly into her husband's office.

"Oh, Dick!" she cried, as she gasped for breath. "I dropped my diamond ring off my finger, and I can't find it anywhere."

"It's all right, Bess," replied Mr. Clarke. "I came across it in my trousers pocket."—New York Times.

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Chickens can be raised with 75 miles of the Arctic circle, says agricultural department. Yes, but they'd be roosting six months in the year unless they had electric lights to work by.